# **PXIe-5663E** Specifications





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# PXIe-5663E Specifications

These specifications apply to the PXIe-5663E 6.6 GHz Vector Signal Analyzer.

The PXIe-5663E comprises the following modules:

- PXIe-5601 RF Signal Downconverter
- PXIe-5622 IF Digitizer
- PXIe-5652 RF Analog Signal Generator

There is no physical device named "PXIe-5663E".

#### **Definitions**

**Warranted** specifications describe the performance of a model under stated operating conditions and are covered by the model warranty.

**Characteristics** describe values that are relevant to the use of the model under stated operating conditions but are not covered by the model warranty.

- Typical specifications describe the performance met by a majority of models.
- **Nominal** specifications describe an attribute that is based on design, conformance testing, or supplemental testing.

Specifications are **Warranted** unless otherwise noted.

#### **Conditions**

Warranted specifications are valid under the following conditions unless otherwise noted.

- 30 minutes warm-up time
- Calibration cycle maintained



- Chassis fan speed set to High
- NI-RFSA version 2.3 or later
- NI-RFSA instrument driver self-calibration performed after instrument temperature is stable
- PXIe-5652 locked to the PXI backplane or to the front panel REF OUT2
- PXIe-5601 module revision G or later

Typical specifications are valid under the following conditions unless otherwise noted.

Over ambient temperature ranges of 23 °C ± 5 °C

## Frequency

Frequency range[1]	10 MHz to 6.6 GHz
Tuning resolution	533 nHz

#### Bandwidth

## **Equalized Bandwidth**

**Table 1.** PXIe-5663E Equalized Bandwidth

Tuned Frequency	Equalized Bandwidth	
10 MHz to <120 MHz	10 MHz	
120 MHz to <330 MHz	20 MHz	
330 MHz to 6.6 GHz 50 MHz		
Conditions: Using automatic calibration correct	ion through NI-RFSA.	

#### **Resolution Bandwidth**

3 dB bandwidth	Fully adjustable (<1 Hz to 10 MHz)



## Table 2. Selectivity

Window	60 dB: 3 dB Ratio
Flat Top	2.5, maximum
7-term Blackman-Harris	4.1, maximum



Note NI-RFSA also supports additional window types.

## Frequency Reference

Refer to the PXIe-5652 Specifications for more information about frequency reference.

## Internal Frequency Reference

Frequency	10 MHz
Temperature stability	±1 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> , maximum (15 °C to 35 °C)
Aging per year	±5 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> , maximum
Initial achievable accuracy	±3 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> , maximum

## External Frequency Reference Input

Frequency	10 MHz (±10 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> )
Peak-to-peak amplitude	0.2 V to 1.5 V into 50 Ω
Input impedance	50 Ω
Lock time to external reference	1 s, maximum

# **Spectral Purity**

**Phase Noise** 

**Table 3.** Single Sideband Phase Noise<sup>[2]</sup>

Tuned Frequency	Noise Density
100 MHz	<-125 dBc/Hz
500 MHz	<-112 dBc/Hz
1 GHz	<-105 dBc/Hz
2 GHz	<-98 dBc/Hz
3 GHz	<-95 dBc/Hz
4 GHz	<-93 dBc/Hz
5 GHz	<-90 dBc/Hz
6.6 GHz	<-90 dBc/Hz

Figure 1. Typical Phase Noise at 1 GHz

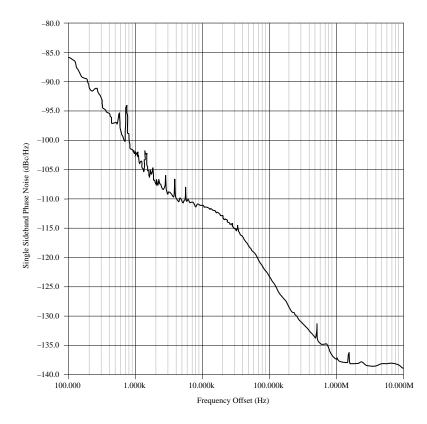




Figure 2. Typical Phase Noise at 2.4 GHz

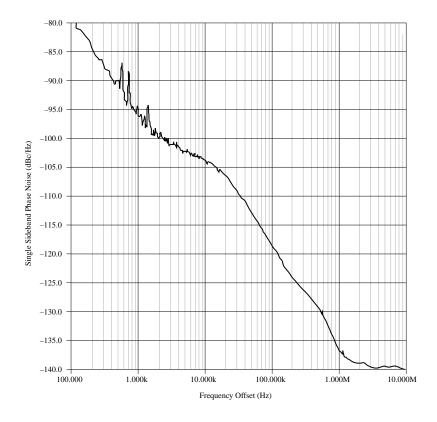
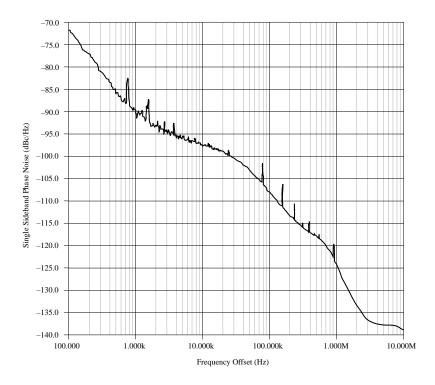


Figure 3. Typical Phase Noise at 5.8 GHz



## Amplitude

## Range

Amplitude range	Average Noise Level to +30 dBm
RF input attenuation	0 dB to 50 dB in 1 dB steps, nominal

# Average Noise Level

**Table 4.** PXIe-5663E Average Noise Level

Frequency	23 °C ± 5 °C	0 °C to 55 °C
10 MHz to <30 MHz	<-155 dBm/Hz; <-157 dBm/Hz, typical	<-154 dBm/Hz; <-156 dBm/Hz, typical
30 MHz to <120 MHz	<-159 dBm/Hz; <-163 dBm/Hz, typical	<-158 dBm/Hz; <-162 dBm/Hz, typical
120 MHz to <3 GHz	<-155 dBm/Hz; <-158 dBm/Hz, typical	<-154 dBm/Hz; <-157 dBm/Hz, typical

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Frequency	23 °C ± 5 °C	0 °C to 55 °C
3.0 GHz to <5.0 GHz	<-153 dBm/Hz; <-156 dBm/Hz, typical	<-152 dBm/Hz; <-155 dBm/Hz, typical
5.0 GHz to 6.6 GHz	<-151 dBm/Hz; <-154 dBm/Hz, typical	<-150 dBm/Hz; <-153 dBm/Hz, typical

Conditions: Input terminated; no input signal; 0 dB RF attenuation; -10 dBm reference level at frequencies < 100 MHz, -50 dBm reference level elsewhere.

#### Absolute Accuracy

**Table 5.** PXIe-5663E Absolute Accuracy

Frequency	Accuracy	
	23 °C ± 5 °C	0 °C to 55 °C <sup>[3]</sup>
10 MHz to <120 MHz	±2.2 dB; ±1.4 dB, typical	±2.3 dB; ±1.5 dB, typical
120 MHz to <400 MHz	±1.7 dB; ±0.65 dB, typical	±1.8 dB; ±0.75 dB, typical
400 MHz to <3.0 GHz	±1.6 dB; ±0.65 dB, typical	±1.8 dB; ±0.75 dB, typical
3.0 GHz to <5.5 GHz	±1.7 dB; ±0.65 dB, typical	±1.8 dB; ±0.75 dB, typical
5.5 GHz to 6.6 GHz	±1.6 dB; ±0.65 dB, typical	±2.0 dB; ±1.0 dB, typical
Conditions: DE attonuation	on > 8 dB. signal to noise ratio > 20	N AD

Conditions: RF attenuation  $\geq$  8 dB; signal-to-noise ratio  $\geq$  20 dB.

#### **Spurious Responses**

The single downconversion stage architecture does not provide RF image rejection.

## IF Rejection

Table 6. PXIe-5601 IF Rejection [4], Typical

Tuned Frequency	Interference Frequency	Level
10 MHz to <120 MHz	187.5 MHz	<-75 dBc
120 MHz to <330 MHz	53 MHz	<-52 dBc
330 MHz to 6.6 GHz	187.5 MHz	<-52 dBc
Conditions: -30 dBm input si	gnal·-30 dBm reference level·0 dB atter	nuation

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# Non-Input-Related Spurs (Residual Spurs)<sup>[5]</sup>

10 MHz to 6.6 GHz[6]	<-100 dBm, typical

# Sideband Spurs<sup>[7]</sup>

**Table 7.** Typical Sideband Spurs, >1 kHz to ≤100 kHz Offset

Tuned Frequency	Level
10 MHz to <3.3 GHz	<-65 dBc
3.3 GHz to 6.6 GHz	<-50 dBc

Conditions: 0 dBm input level; 0 dBm reference level; automatic attenuation settings.

Table 8. Typical Sideband Spurs, >100 kHz Offset

Tuned Frequency	Level	
10 MHz to <50 MHz	<-75 dBc	
50 MHz to < 3.3 GHz	<-70 dBc	
3.3 GHz to 6.6 GHz <-65 dBc		
Conditions: 0 dBm input level; 0 dBm reference level; automatic attenuation settings.		

## Input-Related Spurs

Table 9. PXIe-5663E Typical Input-Related Spurs

-a i-
-70 dBc
-50 dBc
-35 dBc
-65 dBc
-50 dBc

Conditions: 0 dB input level; 0 dBm reference level; automatic attenuation settings.



# LO Leakage<sup>[8]</sup>

**Table 10.** Typical LO Leakage at RF Input Port (RF IN)

RF Frequency	Level
10 MHz to <3.0 GHz	<-60 dBm
3.0 GHz to 6.6 GHz	<-55 dBm
Conditions: 0 dB attenuation; -30 dBm reference level.	

## Linearity

Third-Order Intermodulation Distortion (Input IP<sub>3</sub> (IIP<sub>3</sub>))

Table 11. -20 dBm Reference Level, Typical

Frequency Range	Input IP <sub>3</sub>	
10 MHz to < 30 MHz	≥5 dBm	
30 MHz to <330 MHz	≥7 dBm	
330 MHz to <3.0 GHz	≥12 dBm	
3.0 GHz to 6.6 GHz	≥9 dBm	
Conditions: Two -24 dBm input tones = 200 kHz apart.		

Table 12. 0 dBm Reference Level, Typical

Frequency Range	Input IP <sub>3</sub>	
10 MHz to <30 MHz	≥21 dBm	
30 MHz to <330 MHz	≥18 dBm	
330 MHz to <3.0 GHz	≥21 dBm	
3.0 GHz to 6.6 GHz	≥21 dBm	
Conditions: Two -4 dBm input tones = 200 kHz apart.		

Dynamic Range (Noise and IMD3)[9]

Figure 4. PXIe-5663E Nominal Dynamic Range, 0 dBm Reference Level

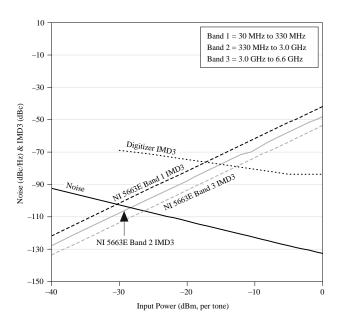
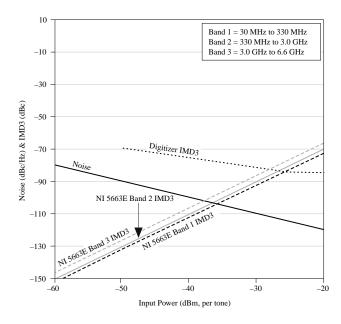


Figure 5. PXIe-5663E Nominal Dynamic Range, -20 dBm Reference Level





**Note** The dynamic range plots in the two preceding figures show nominal performance with NI-RFSA automatic coupled settings that are optimized for noise performance. If you use the RF attenuation manual settings, third-order intermodulation distortion (IMD3) performance can improve



with minimal degradation in noise floor, thus increasing the effective spurious free dynamic range (sFDR) in the power per tone signal range of -10 dB to 0 dB below reference level.

#### Modulation

#### **IF Flatness**

**Table 13.** Typical $^{[10]}$  IF Amplitude Flatness, 23 °C ± 5 °C

Tuned Frequency	Bandwidth	Amplitude Flatness
10 MHz to <75 MHz	5 MHz	±0.25 dB
	10 MHz	±0.3 dB
75 MHz to <120 MHz	5 MHz	±0.4 dB
	10 MHz	±0.6 dB
120 MHz to <140 MHz	5 MHz	±0.45 dB
	10 MHz	±0.65 dB
	20 MHz	±0.9 dB
140 MHz to <330 MHz	5 MHz	±0.2 dB
	10 MHz	±0.4 dB
	20 MHz	±0.5 dB
330 MHz to <6.6 GHz	10 MHz	±0.2 dB
	20 MHz	±0.35 dB
	50 MHz	±0.60 dB

Conditions: RF attenuation  $\geq$ 8 dB, 18 °C to 28 °C, with calibration correction; bandwidth centered about tuned frequency.

**Table 14.** Typical<sup>[10]</sup> IF Amplitude Flatness, 0 °C to 55 °C

Tuned Frequency	Bandwidth	Amplitude Flatness
10 MHz to <75 MHz	5 MHz	±0.3 dB
	10 MHz	±0.45 dB
75 MHz to <120 MHz	5 MHz	±0.35 dB
	10 MHz	±0.6 dB
120 MHz to <140 MHz	5 MHz	±0.55 dB
	10 MHz	±0.85 dB



Tuned Frequency	Bandwidth	Amplitude Flatness
	20 MHz	±1.1 dB
140 MHz to <330 MHz	5 MHz	±0.35 dB
	10 MHz	±0.8 dB
	20 MHz	±0.8 dB
330 MHz to <6.6 GHz	10 MHz	±0.25 dB
	20 MHz	±0.4 dB
	50 MHz	±0.7 dB

Conditions: RF attenuation ≥8 dB, 0 °C to 55 °C, with calibration correction; bandwidth about tuned frequency.

## **IF Phase Linearity**

**Table 15.** Typical PXIe-5663E IF Phase Linearity

Tuned Frequency	Bandwidth	Maximum Phase Deviation[11]
10 MHz to <120 MHz	10 MHz	±3.0 degrees
120 MHz to <330 MHz	10 MHz	±1.5 degrees
	20 MHz	±5.0 degrees
330 MHz to 6.6 GHz	10 MHz	±1.0 degree
	20 MHz	±2.0 degrees
	40 MHz	±3.0 degrees
	50 MHz	±4.5 degrees

## Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) and Modulation Error Ratio (MER)

**Table 16.** Nominal EVM and  $MER^{[12]}$ , 825 MHz Carrier Frequency

QAM Order	Symbol Rate (kS/s)	$\alpha_{RRC}$	EVM (% RMS)	MER (dB)
M = 4	160	0.25	0.3	52
	800	0.25	0.4	49
	4,090	0.22	0.5	46
M = 16	17,600	0.25	0.7	41
	32,000	0.25	1.0	37
M = 64	5,360	0.15	0.4	44

QAM Order	Symbol Rate (kS/s)	$\alpha_{RRC}$	EVM (% RMS)	MER (dB)
	6,952	0.15	0.5	43
	40,990	0.22	1.1	35
M = 256	6,952	0.15	0.4	43

# **Table 17.** Nominal EVM and $MER_{\underline{12}}$ , 3.4 GHz Carrier Frequency

QAM Order	Symbol Rate (kS/s)	α <sub>RRC</sub>	EVM (% RMS)	MER (dB)
M = 4	160	0.25	0.65	44
	800	0.25	0.65	44
	4,090	0.22	0.74	43
M = 16	17,600	0.25	1.13	36
	32,000	0.25	1.94	32
M = 64	5,360	0.15	0.59	41
	6,952	0.15	0.66	40
	40,990	0.22	2.15	30
M = 256	6,952	0.15	0.64	40

**Table 18.** Nominal EVM and  $MER^{[12]}$ , 5.8 GHz Carrier Frequency

QAM Order	Symbol Rate (kS/s)	$\alpha_{RRC}$	EVM (% RMS)	MER (dB)
M = 4	160	0.25	0.89	41
	800	0.25	0.85	41
	4,090	0.22	1.04	40
M = 16	17,600	0.25	1.49	34
	32,000	0.25	2.00	31
M = 64	5,360	0.15	0.83	38
	6,952	0.15	0.90	37
	40,990	0.22	2.06	30
M = 256	6,952	0.15	1.00	36

## Measurement Speed

# Tuning Time<sup>[13]</sup>

## Table 20. Nominal Tuning Time

Accuracy	Tuning Time <sup>[14]</sup>		
	Narrow Loop Bandwidth	Wide Loop Bandwidth	
0.1 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> of final frequency, 0.1 dB of final amplitude	6.0 ms	3.7 ms	
$0.01 \times 10^{-6}$ of final frequency, 0.1 dB of final amplitude	13.1 ms	10.3 ms	

## RF Configuration List Mode Tuning Time

## **Table 20.** Nominal RF Configuration List Mode Tuning Time

Accuracy	Tuning Time <sup>[15]</sup>
$0.1 \times 10^{-6}$ of final frequency, 0.1 dB of final amplitude	450 μs
$0.01 \times 10^{-6}$ of final frequency, 0.1 dB of final amplitude	600 μs

# Frequency Settling Time $^{[16]}$

## Table 21. Nominal Frequency Settling Time

Accuracy	Frequency Settling Time[17]
0.1 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> of final frequency	1.5 ms
$0.01 \times 10^{-6}$ of final frequency	6.5 ms

# Amplitude Settling Time[18]

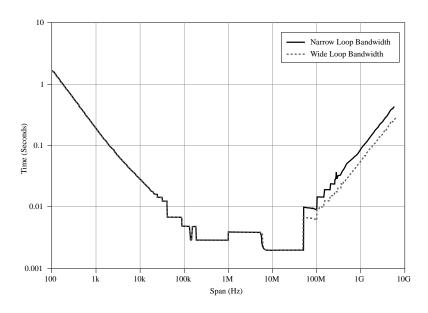
Nominal amplitude settling tim	ie
Reference level step size[19]	All



Accuracy	0.1 dB of final amplitude
Amplitude settling time[20]	50 μs, 5 ms

## Analysis Time versus Span

**Figure 6.** PXIe-5663E Nominal Measurement Time<sup>[21]</sup>



# Data Streaming<sup>[22]</sup>

Maximum continuous transfer rate	300 MB/s, nominal

## Input and Output Characteristics

## IF/Baseband (PXIe-5622)

Resolution	16 bits

System IF frequency range	187.5 MHz $\pm$ 25 MHz $\frac{[23]}{}$ or 53 MHz $\pm$ 10 MHz $\frac{[24]}{}$
Sample rate	150 MS/s
Digital downconverter (OSP) bandwidth	Adjustable between 60 MHz and 0.9 kHz using 150 MS Sample clock timebase. [25]
Onboard memory	64 MB, 256 MB



**Note** Refer to the **PXIe-5622 Specifications** for additional IF/baseband and onboard signal processing (OSP) specifications.

PXIe-5601

RF IN (PXIe-5601)

Connector	SMA female
Impedance	50 Ω, nominal
Coupling	AC
Maximum safe DC input voltage	±5 V, nominal

Maximum Safe Continuous RF Power Level (PXIe-5601)

RF attenuation enabled (≥ 8 dB)	+30 dBm
RF attenuation disabled (0 dB)	+20 dBm

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Voltage Standing Wave Ratio (VSWR)

Table 22. PXIe-5601 VSWR, Nominal

Attenuation	Frequency	VSWR
Enabled (≥8 dB) <sup>[26]</sup>	10 MHz to <1.3 GHz	1.4:1
	1.3 GHz to <5.0 GHz	2.0:1
	5.0 GHz to 6.6 GHz	3.0:1
Disabled (0 dB)	10 MHz to <5.0 GHz	2.0:1
	5.0 GHz to 6.6 GHz	3.0:1

#### IF OUT (PXIe-5601)

Connector	SMA female
Impedance	50 Ω, nominal
Coupling	AC
Amplitude	4 dBm, digitizer full-scale, -6 dBm, nominal, with reference level input
Maximum IF output level	+23 dBm
Maximum reverse power level	+20 dBm
Maximum safe DC voltage	±5 V
IF center frequency	53 MHz, 187.5 MHz <sup>[27]</sup> , or Bypass <sup>[28]</sup> , nominal

**VSWR** 

53 MHz 2.1:1



187.5 MHz	1.65:1
Bypass	1.4:1 [28]

#### LO IN and LO OUT (PXIe-5601)

Connector	SMA female
Impedance	50 Ω, nominal
Coupling	AC
Frequency	173 MHz to 6.4125 GHz, nominal
Amplitude	0 dBm, nominal, input and output
Maximum safe RF input level	+20 dBm
Maximum reverse power level	+20 dBm
Maximum safe DC voltage	±5 V
LO input to output noise figure	15 dB, nominal

## PXIe-5622 Front Panel Connectors

IF IN (PXIe-5622)

Connector	SMA female
Impedance	50 Ω

#### PF1 (PXIe-5622)

Connector	SMB
Impedance	150 kΩ

#### CLK IN (PXIe-5622)

Connector	SMA female
Impedance	50 Ω
Peak-to-peak input amplitude, sine wave	0.63 V to 2.8 V (0 dBm to +13 dBm)
Peak-to-peak input amplitude, square wave	0.25 V to 2.8 V
Peak-to-peak maximum input overload	6.3 V (+20 dBm)

# CLK OUT (PXIe-5622)

Connector	SMA
Output impedance	50 Ω
Output amplitude, 50 Ω load	>+10 dBm
Peak-to-peak output amplitude, 1 kΩ load	>2 V



#### PXIe-5652 Front Panel Connectors

#### RF OUT (PXIe-5652)

Connector	SMA female
Impedance	50 Ω

#### REF IN/OUT (PXIe-5652)

Connector	SMA female
Impedance	50 Ω
Peak-to-peak input amplitude	0.2 V to 1.5 V (50 Ω)
Peak-to-peak maximum safe input level	5 V
Input frequency range	10 MHz ± 100 Hz
Peak-to-peak output amplitude	1.0 V (50 Ω)
Output frequency	10 MHz

## REF OUT2 (PXIe-5652)

Connector	SMA female
Impedance	50 Ω
Peak-to-peak input amplitude	0.2 V to 1.5 V (50 Ω)

Peak-to-peak maximum safe input level	5 V
Input frequency range	10 MHz ± 100 Hz
Peak-to-peak output amplitude	1.0 V (50 Ω)
Output frequency	10 MHz

#### **Power Requirements**

#### **Table 23.** Nominal Power Requirements

Module	+3.3 VDC	+5 VDC	+12 VDC	-12 VDC
PXIe-5601	640 mA	_	740 mA	_
PXIe-5622	1.75 A	_	2.25 A	_
PXIe-5652	1.00 A	_	1.00 A	_



**Note** Voltages ±5%.

## Calibration

Interval	1 year[29]

## **Physical Characteristics**

#### **Dimensions**

PXIe-5601 3U, One Slot, PXI Express module, 21.6 cm × 2.0 cm × 13.0 cm (8.5 in. × 0.8 in. × 5.1 in.)

PXIe-5622 3U, One Slot, PXI Express module, 21.6 cm × 2.0 cm × 13.0 cm (8.5 in. × 0.8 in. × 5.1 in.)

PXIe-5652 3U, One Slot, PXI Express module, 21.6 cm × 2.0 cm × 13.0 cm (8.5 in. × 0.8 in. × 5.1 in.)



Weight	
PXIe-5601	454 g (16.0 oz)
DVI - 5022	276 - (12.2)
PXIe-5622	376 g (13.3 oz)
PXIe-5652	415 g (14.6 oz)
	. = 0 8 (2 0 0 2)
Combined unit	1,245 g (43.9 oz)

#### Environment

Maximum altitude	2,000 m (800 mbar) (at 25 °C ambient temperature)
Pollution Degree	2

Indoor use only.

# **Operating Environment**

Ambient temperature range	0 °C to 40 °C
Relative humidity range	10% to 90%, noncondensing

# **Storage Environment**

Ambient temperature range	-40 °C to 71 °C
Relative humidity range	5% to 95%, noncondensing



#### **Shock and Vibration**

Operating shock	30 g peak, half-sine, 11 ms pulse	
Random vibration		
Operating	5 Hz to 500 Hz, 0.3 g <sub>rms</sub>	
Nonoperating	5 Hz to 500 Hz, 2.4 g <sub>rms</sub>	

## **Compliance and Certifications**

## Safety Compliance Standards

This product is designed to meet the requirements of the following electrical equipment safety standards for measurement, control, and laboratory use:

- IEC 61010-1, EN 61010-1
- UL 61010-1, CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1



**Note** For safety certifications, refer to the product label or the <u>Product</u> Certifications and Declarations section.

## **Electromagnetic Compatibility**

This product meets the requirements of the following EMC standards for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use:

- EN 61326-1 (IEC 61326-1): Class A emissions; Basic immunity
- EN 55011 (CISPR 11): Group 1, Class A emissions
- EN 55022 (CISPR 22): Class A emissions
- EN 55024 (CISPR 24): Immunity
- AS/NZS CISPR 11: Group 1, Class A emissions
- AS/NZS CISPR 22: Class A emissions



- FCC 47 CFR Part 15B: Class A emissions
- ICES-001: Class A emissions



**Note** In the United States (per FCC 47 CFR), Class A equipment is intended for use in commercial, light-industrial, and heavy-industrial locations. In Europe, Canada, Australia, and New Zealand (per CISPR 11), Class A equipment is intended for use only in heavy-industrial locations.



**Note** Group 1 equipment (per CISPR 11) is any industrial, scientific, or medical equipment that does not intentionally generate radio frequency energy for the treatment of material or inspection/analysis purposes.



**Note** For EMC declarations, certifications, and additional information, refer to the <u>Product Certifications and Declarations</u> section.

#### **Product Certifications and Declarations**

Refer to the product Declaration of Conformity (DoC) for additional regulatory compliance information. To obtain product certifications and the DoC for NI products, visit <a href="mailto:ni.com/product-certifications">ni.com/product-certifications</a>, search by model number, and click the appropriate link.

#### **Environmental Management**

NI is committed to designing and manufacturing products in an environmentally responsible manner. NI recognizes that eliminating certain hazardous substances from our products is beneficial to the environment and to NI customers.

For additional environmental information, refer to the **Engineering a Healthy Planet** web page at <u>ni.com/environment</u>. This page contains the environmental regulations and directives with which NI complies, as well as other environmental information not included in this document.



#### **EU and UK Customers**

• Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)—At the end of the product life cycle, all NI products must be disposed of according to local laws and regulations. For more information about how to recycle NI products in your region, visit ni.com/environment/weee.

电子信息产品污染控制管理办法(中国 RoHS)

- ●●● 中国 RoHS— NI 符合中国电子信息产品中限制使用某些有害物质指令 (RoHS)。关于 NI 中国 RoHS 合规性信息,请登录 ni.com/environment/rohs\_china。(For information about China RoHS compliance, go to ni.com/environment/rohs\_china.)
  - $\frac{1}{2}$  The PXIe-5663E is operational to 1 MHz. The maximum tuned frequency = 6.6 GHz  $\frac{1}{2}$  (frequency span).
  - <sup>2</sup> 10 kHz offset; measured using the PXIe-5652 with internal Reference Clock.
  - <sup>3</sup> Using automatic calibration correction of the NI-RFSA instrument driver, within ±5 °C of a self calibration by Self Cal.
  - <sup>4</sup>\_IF rejection is the suppression of an input signal at the IF frequency when the vector signal analyzer is tuned elsewhere.
  - <sup>5</sup> Residual responses are the responses observed when no input signal is present.
  - <sup>6</sup> Input terminated; no input signal; 0 dB attenuation; ≤ -60 dBm reference level; does not include LO leakage.
  - <sup>7</sup> Sideband spurs are due to system operation and appear on signals being observed.
  - <sup>8</sup> LO leakage is the local oscillator signal that appears at the RF input port.



- <sup>9</sup> Reference level allows 10 dB headroom for single-tone input signals before digitizer clipping occurs.
- $\frac{10}{2}$  **Typical** represents the worst ripple expected for any reference level setting across the specified frequency range.
- 11 Measured at 23 °C ambient temperature.
- 12 Data length is 1,250 symbols pseudorandom bit sequence (PRBS) at -30 dBm power level. These results were obtained using the PXIe-5663E onboard clock (the PXIe-5652 LO source onboard clock) and do not include software equalization using the NI Modulation Toolkit. Results are the composite effect of both the PXIe-5663E and the PXIe-5673 Vector Signal Generator.
- 13 Measurement time is made up of tuning time plus analysis time. Tuning time includes programming time, frequency settling time, and amplitude settling time. Programming time partially overlaps frequency settling time and amplitude settling time. Measurement time is dependent on the specific measurement settings used.
- $\frac{14}{120}$  Typical for tuning between any two frequencies excluding transitions that cross the 120 MHz and 330 MHz frequency boundaries.
- 15 Typical for tuning between any two frequencies, excluding transitions that cross the 120 MHz, 330 MHz, and 3 GHz frequency boundaries using Wide Loop bandwidth.
- $\frac{16}{1}$  Frequency and amplitude settling times partially overlap.
- $\underline{\phantom{a}}^{17}$  Typical for tuning between any two frequencies. You can reduce settling time using a wide downconverter loop bandwidth.
- 18 Frequency and amplitude settling times partially overlap.
- $\frac{19}{10}$  Settled within 0.15 dB in 1 ms for frequency transitions across 3 GHz or 0.4 dB in 10 ms for frequency transitions across 120 MHz or 330 MHz.
- <sup>20</sup> Mechanical attenuator not used.



- 21 Measured with a tuned frequency ≥330 MHz. 190 frequency points measured below 1 MHz span; 1,000 frequency points measured above 1 MHz span. Analysis time includes acquisition, FFT analysis, and data transfer time. For spans > 50 MHz, analysis time also includes tuning time.
- $\frac{22}{2}$  Data streaming specification measured using the PXIe-1065 chassis and the PXIe-8130 controller. Performance is system dependent.
- <sup>23</sup> When input RF frequency is ≥10 MHz to <120 MHz, and ≥330 MHz to 6.6 GHz.
- <sup>24</sup> When input RF frequency is ≥120 MHz to <330 MHz.
- 25 The OSP bandwidth is 0.4 times the sample rate in real acquisition mode, where sample rate varies between 150 MS/s to 2.289 kS/s.
- $\frac{26}{2}$  Available in 1 dB steps.
- 27 Dependent on frequency range of RF input signal.
- <sup>28</sup> 10 MHz to 300 MHz.
- 29 Calibration interval applies to the PXIe-5601, PXIe-5622, and PXIe-5652.

